

1. Do the following converge or diverge?

$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^3$$

$$(c) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$(d) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{-\sqrt{2} \ln(n)}$$

$$(e) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{-2n}$$

$$(f) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3n-7}$$

$$(g) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \cos(\pi n)$$

$$(h) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2+1}$$

$$(i) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 \sqrt{1+n^2}}$$

2. For which values of p is $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\ln n)^p}$ convergent?