

1. Let $a_n = \frac{3n-4}{n+6}$. Show a_n converges but $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ diverges.

2. Do these series converge or diverge? (If converges, what to?)

$$(a) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4^n}$$

$$(b) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n$$

$$(c) \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2n+1}}{3^{n-4}}$$

3. Find $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2 - 2n}$ (Hint: use partial fractions to see if "telescoping")

4. Let $x = 0.\overline{123123}$ (a repeated decimal). Use geometric series to write x as a ratio of two integers.
(Warmup: do this process for $0.\overline{333} = \frac{1}{3}$.)

5. Let a_n be $\begin{cases} a_1 = 1 \\ a_n = \frac{2a_{n-1} + 2}{a_{n-1} + 2} \text{ if } n \geq 2 \end{cases}$. Can you show this converges? Maybe use numerical evidence to guess what to.

6. $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{k}{2^k}$ (challenge!)